

# 3rd Quarter Report 2014















### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS ("MD&A")

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014

The following discussion and analysis is prepared by Management as of November 12, 2014 and should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2014 ("financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2014"), as well as the audited consolidated financial statements and annual MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2013 available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. Shore Gold Inc. ("Shore", "SGF", or "the Company") prepared its financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2014 in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting using accounting policies consistent with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). All currency amounts are quoted in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise stated.

### Overview

During the third quarter of 2014, the Company's main focus was work related to the environmental assessment process for the proposed Star – Orion South Diamond Project ("Project") and continuing to seek opportunities for development capital for the Project. The Project is situated in the Fort à la Corne kimberlite field in central Saskatchewan. The Project includes the 100 percent Shore owned Star Diamond Project, as well as Star West and the Orion South Kimberlite, which fall within the adjacent Fort à la Corne Joint Venture ("FALC-JV"). Shore has a 68 percent interest in the FALC-JV and Newmont Canada FN Holdings ULC ("Newmont") has a 32 percent interest.

The Company has completed a National Instrument ("NI") 43-101 compliant Technical Report ("Feasibility Technical Report") documenting the Feasibility Study and Mineral Reserve for the Star – Orion South Diamond Project ("Feasibility Study"), the results of which were announced in July 2011 (See SGF News Release dated July 14, 2011). The Feasibility Study includes a cash flow model Base Case net present value ("NPV") of \$2.1 billion (using a 7 percent discount rate) for an Internal Rate of Return ("IRR") of 16 percent before taxes and royalties and an after-taxes and royalties NPV of \$1.3 billion with an IRR of 14 percent. The cash flow model of the Feasibility Study is based on Probable Mineral Reserves of 279 million diluted tonnes of kimberlite at a weighted average grade of 12.3 carats per hundred tonnes ("cpht") containing 34.4 million carats at a weighted average price of US\$242 per carat. The full details of the Feasibility Technical Report can be viewed on the Company's website (www.shoregold.com) or on SEDAR (www.sedar.com).















### **Events relating to the Star - Orion South Diamond Project**

The Canadian Environmental Assessment Agency ("CEAA" or the "Agency") has completed their technical review of the proposed Project and during the second quarter released the final Comprehensive Study Report ("CSR") for a thirty day public comment period (See SGF News Release dated June 25, 2014). The preparation of the CSR and the public comment period are steps in the Federal Comprehensive Study type environmental assessment process for the Project. CEAA is the lead agency for the Federal government and Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment ("Ministry") is the lead agency on behalf of the Province, which are jointly conducting the environmental assessment of the proposed Project. The CSR contains CEAA's conclusions about the potential environmental effects of the Project, based on information presented in Shore's Revised Environmental Impact Statement ("REIS") and supplemental information submitted to the Agency in September 2012, April, June, August, December 2013, and April and May 2014. Within the CSR, CEAA concluded that the Project is not likely to cause significant adverse environmental effects when the implementation of proposed mitigation measures is taken into account. The CSR will be used to inform the Minister of Environment's environmental assessment decision for the Project.

The Minister of Environment will take into consideration the CSR and all comments received and will issue an environmental assessment decision statement, stating if the Project is likely to cause significant adverse environmental effects, and if those effects are justified, considering the potential benefits of the Project.

The Company also announced that it has filed the final Environmental Impact Statement ("EIS") for the Project to the Ministry and the CEAA (See SGF News Release dated August 6, 2014). The Final EIS was prepared at the request of the Ministry and includes all updates, revisions, information requests and the Company's responses. The Final EIS will be released for public comment by the Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment once the document has been reviewed.















### **Financial Highlights**

Select financial information of the Company for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 is summarized as follows:

	Three Months	Three Months	Nine Months	Nine Months
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues (millions)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net loss (millions)	0.8	1.3	2.6	4.4
Net loss per share (1)	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02
Total assets (millions)	4.5	8.6	4.5	8.6
Total non-current liabilities (millions) (2)	0.9	1.4	0.9	1.4
Working capital (millions)	2.0	4.6	2.0	4.6

Basic and diluted.

### **Results of Operations**

For the quarter ended September 30, 2014, the Company recorded a net loss of \$0.8 million or \$0.00 per share compared to a net loss of \$1.3 million or \$0.01 per share for the same period in 2013. The losses during these quarters were due to operating costs and exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred by the Company exceeding interest revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments.

### Revenues

The Company invested excess cash reserves in interest-bearing short-term deposits while ensuring funds were available to meet cash outflow requirements associated with the Company's exploration and evaluation projects and for general corporate matters. For the quarter ended September 30, 2014 the Company reported interest and other revenue of \$9 thousand as compared to \$16 thousand for the guarter ended September 30, 2013.

### Expenses

Expenses incurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2014 decreased by \$0.5 million to \$0.8 million, compared to \$1.3 million for the same period in 2013. This decrease was primarily due to lower exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2014 as a result of measures taken to reduce operating expenses. A portion of this decrease was the result of efforts to reduce ongoing site care and maintenance costs.

Exploration and evaluation expenditures were \$0.4 million for the third quarter of 2014 compared to \$0.7 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2013. Exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred during the quarters ended September 30, 2014 and

Total non-current liabilities are comprised of environmental rehabilitation provisions for which the Company has provided letters of credit, backed by short-term securities that are recorded on the Company's financial statements as restricted cash.















September 30, 2013 related to the continuation of the Environmental Impact Assessment ("EIA") process for the Star – Orion South Diamond Project as well as on-going administration and maintenance of the Company's exploration and evaluation properties. Approximately 41 percent (2013 - 38 percent) of the exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2014 were made up of compensation costs and share-based payments incurred by the Company.

Administration, consulting and professional fees, and corporate development expenditures for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 decreased by \$0.2 million from the same period in 2013, primarily due to measures taken to reduce operating expenses.

### **Financing**

No financing activities occurred during the quarters ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

### Year to Date

### Results of Operations

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company recorded a net loss of \$2.6 million or \$0.01 per share compared to a net loss of \$4.4 million or \$0.02 per share for the same period in 2013. The losses were primarily due to ongoing operating costs and exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred by the Company exceeding interest revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments. Losses during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 were lower than the same period in the previous year as a result of lower exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred as well as lower costs incurred due to measures taken to reduce operating expenses.

### Revenues

The Company invested excess cash reserves in interest bearing short-term deposits while ensuring funds would be available for cash outflow requirements associated with the Company's exploration projects and for general corporate matters. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 the Company reported interest and other revenue of \$33 thousand and \$57 thousand respectively.

### Expenses

Total operating costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 were \$2.7 million compared to \$4.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. This decrease was primarily due to lower exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

Exploration and evaluation expenditures for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 were \$1.1 million compared to \$2.3 million for the same period in 2013. This decrease was due to the nature of work performed on the Star – Orion South Diamond Project as well as efforts taken to reduce ongoing site care and maintenance costs, including the elimination of warehouse leasing costs. Exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred during the















nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 related to the continuation of the EIA process for the Star – Orion South Diamond Project as well as on-going administration and maintenance of the Company's exploration and evaluation properties. Approximately 54 percent (2013 - 41 percent) of the exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 were made up of compensation costs and share-based payments incurred by the Company.

Administration, consulting and professional fees, and corporate development expenditures decreased by \$0.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to \$1.6 million compared to \$2.2 million for the same period in the prior year. This decrease was due to measures taken to reduce operating expenses.

### **Financing**

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014 there were 20,000 options exercised resulting in additional cash flow from financing activities of \$3 thousand. No financing activities occurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

### **Summary of Quarterly Results**

		2014			20	13		2012
	Qtr 3	Qtr 2	Qtr 1	Qtr 4	Qtr 3	Qtr 2	Qtr 1	Qtr 4
Revenues (1) (\$millions)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Net loss (2) (\$millions)	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.6
Net loss per share <sup>(3)</sup> (\$)	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01
Shares outstanding (millions)	224.8	224.8	224.7	224.7	224.7	224.7	224.7	224.7

- (1) Revenues are primarily related to interest earned on the Company's cash and short-term investments.
- (2) Net losses relate to expenditures incurred by the Company exceeding interest revenue earned.
- (3) Basic and diluted.

### **Related Party Transactions**

Messrs. Kenneth E. MacNeill (President and Chief Executive Officer) and George H. Read (Senior Vice President of Exploration and Development), through their respective consulting companies, hold management and consulting contracts with the Company. During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014, Messrs. MacNeill and Read's monthly contracted fees were \$25 thousand (2013 – \$36 thousand) and \$19 thousand (2013 – \$22 thousand), respectively.

During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014 total compensation paid or payable to officers (including amounts paid through companies controlled by Messrs. MacNeill and Read) and to directors of the Company was \$0.8 million (2013 - \$0.9 million). Of these amounts, \$0.6 million (2013 - \$0.7 million) were included in administration expense and \$0.2 million were included in exploration and evaluation expense (2013 - \$0.2 million were included in consulting and professional fees expense).















The above transactions were in the normal course of operations and are measured at an amount agreed to by the related parties. The fair value of share-based payments was determined using the Black-Scholes model.

### Liquidity

The Company does not currently operate any producing properties and, as such, is dependent upon the issuance of new equity to finance its ongoing obligations and advance its exploration properties. Until the Company's surplus cash is required to fund exploration or development activities it is invested in a variety of highly rated instruments. The Company expects its current capital resources will be sufficient to carry out its present plans.

At September 30, 2014 the Company had \$2.1 million in cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments. The Company has also supplied \$1.1 million of irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by a Canadian chartered bank. The Company backs the letters of credit with investments which have been recorded on the financial statements as restricted cash. The Company does not include restricted cash in its working capital when analyzing its liquidity requirements.

### **Capital Resources and Outstanding Share Data**

As at September 30, 2014 the Company had working capital of \$2.0 million as compared to \$4.2 million at December 31, 2013. The Company expects its current capital resources will be sufficient to carry out its present plans while it completes the environmental assessment process and attempts to secure Project financing.

At September 30, 2014 the Company had 224,759,242 shares issued and outstanding and 7,263,500 options outstanding. The number of shares increased by 20,000 from December 31, 2013 due to option exercises while options outstanding decreased by 762,500 from December 31, 2013 due to option expiries and option exercises, offset by option grants at an average exercise price of \$0.20.

As at November 12, 2014, the Company's issued and outstanding shares remained unchanged from September 30, 2014. Since the end of the third quarter of 2014, the Company's outstanding options decreased to 7,038,500 as a result of option expiries of 225,000.

### **Financial Instruments**

As at September 30, 2014, the fair value of all of the Company's financial instruments approximates their carrying value. Certain financial instruments are exposed to the following financial risks:















### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss by the Company if a customer or third-party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company considers this risk to be insignificant as the majority of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, shortterm investments, and restricted cash are invested in Government of Canada treasury bills which are backed by the Government of Canada. At September 30, 2014, the Company's credit risk relates to its cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, receivables and restricted cash of \$3.2 million (December 31, 2013 – \$5.7 million).

### <u>Liquidity risk</u>

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach is to forecast future cash flows to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its obligations when due. To ensure the Company has sufficient cash on hand, the Company prepares annual capital and operating budgets which are regularly monitored and updated as considered necessary. As at September 30, 2014, the Company had working capital of \$2.0 million, excluding restricted cash. Management believes this working capital will be sufficient to meet financial obligations as they fall due.

As at September 30, 2014, the Company had guaranteed certain liabilities by issuing \$1.1 million (December 31, 2013 – \$1.1 million) of irrevocable standby letters of credit. The Company backs the letters of credit with investments which have been recorded on the financial statements as restricted cash. The Company does not include restricted cash in its working capital when analyzing its liquidity requirements. The majority of the guarantees at September 30, 2014 relate to environmental rehabilitation provisions.

The Company is pursuing options to finance the further exploration and development of the Star – Orion South project as it currently does not have sufficient funds to put any of its property interests into production from its own financial resources. Financing options include joint arrangements, debt financing, equity financing or other means. The Company believes it has sufficient liquidity to continue operations until financing is arranged. However, there is no assurance that Shore will be successful in obtaining required financing as and when needed. Failure to obtain additional financing on a timely basis may cause the Company to postpone development plans, forfeit rights in its properties or reduce or terminate its operations.

### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risks are comprised of four types: foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, commodity price risk and equity price risk. As at September 30, 2014, the Company does not have significant exposure to any of these market risks.















### **Critical Accounting Estimates**

The financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2014 have been prepared in accordance with IFRS issued by the IASB. The Company's accounting policies are described in Note 3 to the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013. Certain of these policies involve critical accounting estimates as they require management to make particularly subjective or complex judgments about matters that are inherently uncertain and because of the likelihood that materially different amounts could be reported under different conditions or using different assumptions. The uncertainties related to these areas could significantly impact the Company's results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

In preparing the financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2014, significant judgments and estimations have been made by management in applying the Company's accounting policies. In particular, the significant areas of judgment and estimation uncertainty considered by management in preparing the consolidated financial statements are: joint control assessments, identification of cash generating units, exploration and evaluation expenditures, reserve and resource estimation, asset valuations and assessments for impairment, estimations for environmental rehabilitation provisions, share-based payment transactions and recovery of deferred tax assets. These are discussed in more detail in Note 4 of the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013.

A critical accounting estimate in determining the Company's financial results relates to the recoverability of the carried amounts of exploration and evaluation assets. Management assesses carrying values of these assets at each reporting date.

### **Accounting Changes**

### Future Accounting Changes

On July 24, 2014 the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9, bringing together the classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting phases of the IASB's project to replace IAS 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", and all previous versions of IFRS 9. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The Company does not intend to early adopt IFRS 9 and has not yet fully evaluated the impact of this new standard.

There are no other IFRSs or IFRIC interpretations that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Company.















### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

The Company has disclosure controls and procedures in place to provide reasonable assurance that any information required to be disclosed by the Company under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the applicable time periods, and to ensure that required information is gathered and communicated to the Company's management so that decisions can be made about timely disclosure of that information. In accordance with the requirements of National Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuer's Annual and Interim Filings, the Company's management, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures and have caused these to be designed to provide reasonable assurance that material information is made known to management, particularly during the period in which these filings are being prepared; and information required to be disclosed is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation.

There have been no significant changes in the Company's disclosure controls during the quarter ended September 30, 2014.

### **Internal Controls over Financial Reporting Procedures**

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal controls over financial reporting. Any system of internal controls over financial reporting, no matter how well designed, has inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. In accordance with the requirements of National Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuer's Annual and Interim Filings, the Company's management, under the supervision and with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, have designed the Company's internal controls over financial reporting as of the end of the period covered by these filings so that the internal controls over financial reporting provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS issued by the IASB and interpretations of the IFRIC.

There have been no significant changes to internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2014 that could have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

### Outlook

The Company is proceeding with the completion of the environmental assessment process and continuing to seek opportunities for development capital through participation in the















Project by a third party or a syndicate of investors. Measures taken since early 2012 will help enable the Company to conserve its cash position and provide an extended operating window in which Shore can complete the environmental assessment process and continue to seek opportunities for development capital. In addition, Shore aims to undertake additional exploration and evaluation on the Orion South Kimberlite with the objective of potentially upgrading Inferred to Indicated Resources on Orion South.

As of November 12, 2014, the Company had approximately \$1.9 million in cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments (excluding \$1.1 million in restricted cash). A portion of the Company's cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments will be used to advance certain aspects of the project, including the EIA and related permitting. The Company continues to evaluate opportunities for development capital.

Diamond prices increased rapidly in 2011, reaching a peak in early August of that year, when the price of rough softened as a result of world financial uncertainties, particularly in Europe. Rough prices rose during the first quarter of 2012 but the world financial situation once again caused the price of rough to decrease during the second and third quarters of 2012. Rough prices have, however, increased since the end of the third quarter of 2012 with overall rough diamond prices at the end of 2012 increasing slightly from rough diamond prices at the end of 2011. Rough prices increased in 2014 up until September when prices softened. Current rough prices show a three percent year-on-year increase and are estimated to be somewhat above the price used in the 2011 Feasibility Study.

### **Risks and Uncertainties**

The Company attempts to mitigate risks by identifying, assessing, reporting and managing risks of significance. The following are risks relating to the business of the Company. This information is a summary only of risks currently facing the Company based on its stage of development. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known may also impact the Company's operations. Management's view on risks facing the Company will evolve as the Company's stage of development progresses.

### Risks Associated With a Non-Producing Company

The principal risks faced by the Company involve: Shore's ability to obtain financing to further the exploration and development of exploration and evaluation properties in which Shore holds interests; maintaining title to its property claims; obtaining the required permits from various federal, provincial and local governmental authorities; and the ultimate economic feasibility of any future development projects.

The further development and exploration of exploration and evaluation properties in which Shore holds interests or which Shore acquires may depend upon Shore's ability to obtain financing through joint ventures, debt financing, equity financing or other means. The Company currently does not have sufficient funds to put any of its property interests into















production from its own financial resources. There is no assurance that Shore will be successful in obtaining required financing as and when needed. Failure to obtain additional financing on a timely basis may cause the Company to postpone development plans, forfeit rights in its properties or joint operations or reduce or terminate its operations. Reduced liquidity or difficulty in obtaining future financing could have an adverse impact on Shore's future cash flows, results of operations and financial condition. The relative prices of diamonds and future expectations for such prices have a significant impact on the market sentiment for investment in diamond mining and exploration companies. To ensure that exploration procedures are being performed effectively and those results are interpreted and reported in a proper manner, management ensures that qualified individuals, service providers and external consultants are utilized in the verification and quality assurance of analytical results.

Title disputes could have adverse consequences to the Company. Managing these issues is an integral part of exploration, development and mining in Canada and Shore is committed to managing these issues effectively. The Company has diligently investigated title to its claims. However, no assurance can be given that title to these properties will not be challenged or impugned in the future by third parties or governments. Management maintains a database to monitor the status of the Company's claims to ensure all claims are in good standing.

The current or future operations of the Company, including development activities and commencement of production on its properties, require permits from various federal, provincial and local governmental authorities. Failure to comply with applicable laws, regulations, and permitting requirements may result in permits not being granted or enforcement actions thereunder, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities causing operations to cease or be curtailed and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures, installation of additional equipment, or remedial actions. To the best of the Company's knowledge, it is operating in compliance with all applicable rules and regulations. In addition, application for permits that will be required for the construction and operation of the proposed Project will be made following provincial and federal Ministerial approval upon conclusion of the EIA. While the majority of permits will be required from provincial authorities, permits required from the federal government include authorization from the Department of Fisheries and Oceans to allow anticipated changes to fish and fish habitat, permits from Natural Resources Canada for the explosives storage site and authorizations from Environment Canada and Transport Canada. The Company utilizes qualified individuals, service providers and external consultants and maintains constant communications with governmental authorities to ensure that the Company is or, in the case of the EIA, will be in compliance with all applicable rules and regulations.

All of Shore's property interests are currently in the feasibility or exploration stage. The exploration, development and production of precious metals and gems are capitalintensive, subject to the normal risks and capital expenditure requirements associated with















mining operations. While the rewards can be substantial if commercial quantities of minerals or gems are found, there can be no assurance that Shore's past or future exploration efforts will be successful, that any production therefrom will be obtained or continued, or that any such production which is attempted will be profitable.

As at November 12, 2014, the Company has determined that the Project has established reserves. Current forecasts are based on engineering data, projected future rates of production and the timing of future expenditures, all of which are subject to numerous uncertainties and various interpretations. Reserve estimates may be revised based on the results of future drilling, testing or production levels and changes in mine design. In addition, factors including but not limited to market fluctuations in the price of diamonds, changes in foreign exchange rates or estimated recoverable grade from the Project may render the mining of ore reserves uneconomical.

### **Technical Information**

All technical information in this report has been prepared under the supervision of George Read, Senior Vice President of Exploration and Development, Professional Geoscientist in the Provinces of Saskatchewan and British Columbia and Mark Shimell, Project Manager, Professional Geoscientist in the Province of Saskatchewan, who are the Company's "Qualified Persons" under the definition of NI 43-101.

### **Caution regarding Forward-looking Statements**

This MD&A contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of certain securities laws, including the "safe harbour" provisions of Canadian Securities legislation and the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The words "may," "could," "should," "would," "suspect," "outlook," "believe," "plan," "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "intend," and words and expressions of similar import are intended to identify forward-looking statements, and, in particular, statements regarding Shore's future operations, future exploration and development activities or other development plans contain forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements in this MD&A include, but are not limited to, statements related to the Feasibility Study; statements relating to mineral resources and/or reserves; statements related to the approval of the development of the Star - Orion South Diamond Project; statements relating to future development of the Star - Orion South Diamond Project and associated timelines; the environmental assessment and permitting process; the Company's intention to seek developmental capital though participation by a third party or syndicate of investors; and the Company's intention to undertake additional exploration and development activities and the use of funds to fund the continuation of the EIA process.

These forward-looking statements are based on Shore's current beliefs as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to it and involve inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific. Risks exist that forward-looking statements will not be achieved due to a number of factors including, but not limited to, developments in world diamond markets, changes in diamond valuations, risks relating to fluctuations in the Canadian dollar and other currencies relative to the US dollar, changes in exploration, development or mining plans due to exploration results and changing budget priorities of Shore or its contractual partners, the effects of competition in the markets in which Shore operates, the impact of changes in the laws and regulations regulating mining exploration and development, judicial or regulatory judgments and legal proceedings, operational and infrastructure risks and the additional risks described in Shore's most recently filed Annual Information Form, annual and interim MD&A, news releases and technical reports.















Shore's anticipation of and success in managing the foregoing risks could cause actual results to differ materially from what is anticipated in such forward-looking statements.

Although management considers the assumptions contained in forward-looking statements to be reasonable based on information currently available to it, those assumptions may prove to be incorrect. When making decisions with respect to Shore, investors and others should not place undue reliance on these statements and should carefully consider the foregoing factors and other uncertainties and potential events. Unless required by applicable securities law, Shore does not undertake to update any forward-looking statement that may be made.

### **Additional Information**

Additional information related to the Company, including the latest available Annual Information Form, is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com

## SHORE GOLD INC. Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

### For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

### Notice to Reader

Management has compiled the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Shore Gold Inc. for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014. The Corporation's external auditors have not reviewed these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

### **Shore Gold Inc.**

# Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (unaudited)

Cdn\$ in thousands)	September 30, 2014		Dec	December 31, 2013	
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	493	\$	842	
Short-term investments		1,590		3,292	
Receivables		20		443	
Prepaids		105		46	
		2,208		4,623	
Restricted cash (Note 5)		1,090		1,090	
Investment in Wescan Goldfields Inc. (Note 6)		26		26	
Property and equipment		1,181		1,416	
	\$	4,505	\$	7,155	
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	161	\$	406	
Current portion of environmental rehabilitation provision		5		35	
		166		441	
Environmental rehabilitation provision		902		891	
Shareholders' equity:					
Share capital		797,828		797,824	
Contributed surplus		30,196		29,948	
Accumulated deficit		(824,587)		(821,949)	
		3,437		5,823	
	\$	4,505	\$	7,155	

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	Three Mor		Nine Mon Septem	
(Cdn\$ in thousands, except for share data)	2014	2013	 2014	2013
Revenue				
Interest and other income	\$ 9	\$ 16	\$ 33	\$ 57
Expenses				
Administration	364	467	1,377	1,649
Consulting and professional fees	13	82	62	285
Corporate development	36	58	158	248
Exploration and evaluation (Note 7)	383	 714	 1,074	 2,279
	796	 1,321	 2,671	 4,461
Loss before the under noted items	(787)	(1,305)	(2,638)	(4,404)
Investment in Wescan Goldfields Inc. (Note 6)	(13)	 (26)	 	 (39)
Net and comprehensive loss for the period	\$ (800)	\$ (1,331)	\$ (2,638)	\$ (4,443)
Net loss per share				
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.02)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (000's)	224,759	224,739	224,752	224,739

# Shore Gold Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(unaudited)

Nine Months Ended September 30,

		Schrein	DCI 50,		
(Cdn\$ in thousands)	2014		2013		
Cash provided by (used in):					
Operations:					
Net loss	\$	(2,638)	\$	(4,443)	
Adjustments:					
Amortization		208		394	
Gain on disposal of property and equipment		(69)		(101)	
Loss on investment in Wescan Goldfields Inc.		-		39	
Fair value of share-based payments expensed		249		154	
Unwinding of discount for environmental rehabilitation provision		11		18	
Change in environmental rehabilitation provision		(30)		(45)	
Net change in non-cash operating working capital items:					
Receivables		423		(6)	
Prepaids		(59)		(66)	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(245)		(111)	
		(2,150)		(4,167)	
Investing:				, , ,	
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		96		(25)	
Short-term investments		1,702		3,287	
		1,798		3,262	
Financing:					
Issue of common shares (net of issue costs)		3			
		3			
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(349)		(905)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		842		1,675	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	493	\$	770	
Cash and cash equivalents consists of:					
Cash	\$	393	\$	420	
Treasury bills		100		350	
	\$	493	\$	770	

### Shore Gold Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,			Year Ended December 31,		
(Cdn\$ in thousands)		2014		2013		2013
Share capital						
Balance, beginning of period	\$	797,824	\$	797,824	\$	797,824
Shares issued		4		-		, -
Balance, end of period	\$	797,828	\$	797,824	\$	797,824
Contributed surplus						
Balance, beginning of period	\$	29,948	\$	29,794	\$	29,794
Share-based payments (Note 8)		249		154		154
Options exercised		(1)		_		-
Balance, end of period	\$	30,196	\$	29,948	\$	29,948
Accumulated deficit						
Balance, beginning of period		(821,949)		(816,352)		(816,352)
Loss for the period		(2,638)		(4,443)		(5,597)
Balance, end of period	\$	(824,587)	\$	(820,795)	\$	(821,949)
Total equity	\$	3,437	\$	6,977	\$	5,823

### SHORE GOLD INC.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014) (In thousands of Canadian dollars except as otherwise noted)

### 1. Corporate Information

Shore Gold Inc. ("Shore" or the "Company") was incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act on April 29, 1985 and its shares are publicly traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange. The principal activities of Shore are the exploration, development and production of diamonds.

### 2. Basis of preparation

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Shore for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 were authorized for issue by the Company's Audit Committee on November 12, 2014. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Shore and all its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* and do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements. The Company's financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except as disclosed, using the Company's functional currency of Canadian dollars.

In preparing these condensed interim consolidated financial statements, the significant judgments made by management applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty are the same as those disclosed in Note 4 of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013. In particular, the significant areas of estimation uncertainty considered by management in preparing the consolidated financial statements are: reserve and resource estimation, exploration and evaluation expenditures, impairment of exploration and evaluation assets, environmental rehabilitation provisions, recovery of deferred tax assets and share-based payment transactions.

### 3. Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies applied by the Company in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are the same as those disclosed in Note 3 of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013. Accordingly, the condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013.

### 4. IFRS standards, amendments and interpretations

### (a) IFRS standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective

At the date of authorization of these consolidated financial statements, the IASB has issued the following new Standard which is not yet effective for the relevant reporting periods.

### *i.* IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments

On July 24, 2014 the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9, bringing together the classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting phases of the IASB's project to replace IAS 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", and all previous versions of IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The Company does not intend to early adopt IFRS 9 and has not yet fully evaluated the impact of this new standard.

There are no other IFRSs or IFRIC interpretations that have been issued and are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Company.

### 5. Restricted Cash

The Company has pledged \$1,090 thousand (December 31, 2013 – \$1,090 thousand) in short-term investments as security for letters of credit provided, of which the majority are related to the provision for decommissioning and rehabilitation. These short-term investments are recorded as restricted cash.

### 6. Investment in Wescan Goldfields Inc.

At September 30, 2014, Shore held 1,295,550 (December 31, 2013 – 1,295,550) shares of Wescan Goldfields Inc. ("Wescan"), a publicly traded company on the TSX Venture exchange. The Company accounts for its 6.6% (December 31, 2013 – 6.6%) investment in Wescan as an available-for-sale financial asset as described in Note 3 of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013. The fair value based on the closing trading price of the common shares of Wescan at September 30, 2014 was \$26 thousand (December 31, 2013 – \$26 thousand). As a result, for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 the Company had no change (September 30, 2013 – \$13 thousand decrease) in the carrying value of its investment in Wescan. At December 31, 2011, the Company assessed that there was objective evidence that this investment was impaired. As the Company's impairment assessment at September 30, 2014 has not changed, the change in fair value during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 was recognized in the consolidated statement of loss as an unrealized loss instead of other comprehensive loss.

### 7. Exploration and evaluation expense

The Company's exploration and evaluation expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 is comprised of the following:

	September 30,	September 30,
	2014	2013
Fort à la Corne properties		
Amortization of tangible assets	\$ 176	\$ 327
Exploration and evaluation	833	1,924
Share-based payments	65	18
Buffalo Hills property		
Exploration and evaluation	-	10
Total	\$ 1,074	\$ 2,279

### 8. Share-based payments

The Company has established a share option plan whereby options may be granted to directors, officers, employees and service providers to purchase common shares of the Company. Options granted have an exercise price of not less than the closing price quoted on the Toronto Stock Exchange for the common shares of Shore on the trading day prior to the date on which the option is granted. Certain options vest immediately while others vest six to twelve months after grant date and all options granted under the plan expire 5 years from the date of the grant of the options. All options are to be settled by physical delivery of shares.

The expense related to the Company's share-based payments as a result of certain options vesting over the period is recognized in the comprehensive statement of loss for the nine months ended September 30, as presented as follows:

	September 30,	September 30,
Expense Category included	2014	2013
Administration	\$ 175	\$ 106
Consulting and professional	-	23
Corporate development	9	7
Exploration and evaluation	65	18
Total	\$ 249	\$ 154

Option movements (in thousands) during the nine months ended September 30, including weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

	20	14	2013		
		Average		Average	
	Options	Price	Options	Price	
Outstanding – January 1	8,026	\$ 0.53	8,625	\$ 0.96	
Granted	2,053	0.20	1,401	0.16	
Exercised	(20)	0.17	-	-	
Expired	(2,795)	0.34	(2,000)	2.14	
Forfeited	=	-	-	-	
Outstanding – September 30	7,264	\$ 0.51	8,026	\$ 0.53	
Exercisable – September 30	7,072	\$ 0.52	7,725	\$ 0.54	

The options outstanding at September 30, 2014 have an exercise price in the range of 0.16 to 0.16 to

The grant date fair value of stock options issued under the plan is estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Expected volatility is estimated by considering historic average share price volatility. The option life is estimated based on the weighted average historical life of options that have been granted by the Company. The inputs used in the measurement of the fair values at grant date of the share-based payments during the nine months ended September 30 are as follows:

	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013
Share price at grant date	\$ 0.18 - 0.27	\$ 0.16 - 0.17
Exercise price	0.18 - 0.27	0.16 - 0.17
Expected volatility	69.9 - 80.0%	77.2 - 88.2%
Option life	5 years	5 years
Expected dividends	0 %	0 %
Expected forfeiture rate	0 %	0 %
Risk-free interest rate	1.16 - 1.66%	1.10 - 1.54%
Fair value at grant date	0.10 - 0.17	\$ 0.10 - 0.12

### 9. Related party transactions

### Related party transactions with key management personnel

The Company pays certain of its key management personnel through companies owned by certain executive officers and directors. Those companies are as follows:

MacNeill Brothers Oil and Gas Ltd. George Read Consulting Inc.

Compensation of key management personnel and directors, including payments made or payable to related parties owned by executive officers and directors, is as follows:

	September 30,	September 30,
	2014	2013
Short-term benefits to key management and directors	\$ 216	\$ 278
Consulting and management fees to related companies	400	539
Share based payments	204	123
Total compensation paid to key management personnel and directors	\$ 820	\$ 940

The amounts disclosed in the table are the amounts recognized as an expense during the reporting period related to key management personnel and directors. The above transactions were in the normal course of

operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties. The fair value of share-based payments was determined using the Black-Scholes model.

The compensation paid or payable to key management personnel and directors are included in the Company's statement of comprehensive loss as follows:

	September 30,	September 30,
	2014	2013
Administration	\$ 611	\$ 701
Consulting and professional fees	-	239
Exploration and evaluation	209	-
Total compensation paid to key management personnel and directors	\$ 820	\$ 940

#### 10. Financial instruments

Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the fair value hierarchy for financial instruments that require fair value measurement after initial recognition. The classification of each financial instrument is described in Note 3 of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013.

The carrying amounts for cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, receivables, restricted cash and trade payables approximate their fair value due to the short-term nature of these instruments. These financial instruments are carried at amortized costs.

All financial instruments measured at fair value are categorized into one of six hierarchy levels as described in Note 19 of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013. These financial instruments include the Company's investment in Wescan. The fair value of the Company's investment in Wescan is based on quoted prices in active markets (level 1).

### Risk management

Certain financial instruments are exposed to the following financial risks:

### (a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss by the Company if a customer or third-party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company considers this risk to be insignificant as the majority of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, and restricted cash are invested in Government of Canada treasury bills which are backed by the Government of Canada. At September 30, 2014, the Company's credit risk relates to its cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, receivables and restricted cash of \$3.2 million (December 31, 2013 – \$5.7 million).

### (b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach is to forecast future cash flows to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its obligations when due. To ensure the Company has sufficient cash on hand, the Company prepares annual capital and operating budgets which are regularly monitored and updated as considered necessary. As at September 30, 2014, the Company had working capital of \$2.0 million, excluding restricted cash. Management believes this working capital will be sufficient to meet financial obligations as they fall due.

As at September 30, 2014, the Company had guaranteed certain liabilities by issuing \$1,090 thousand (December 31, 2013 – \$1,090 thousand) of irrevocable standby letters of credit. The Company backs the letters of credit with investments which have been recorded on the financial statements as restricted cash (Note 5). The Company does not include restricted cash in its working capital when analyzing its liquidity requirements. The majority of the guarantees at September 30, 2014 relate to environmental rehabilitation provisions.

The Company is pursuing options to finance the further exploration and development of the Star – Orion South project as it currently does not have sufficient funds to bring any of its property interests into

production from its own financial resources. Financing options include joint venture arrangements, debt financing, equity financing or other means. The Company believes it has sufficient liquidity to continue operations until financing is arranged. However, there is no assurance that Shore will be successful in obtaining required financing as and when needed. Failure to obtain additional financing on a timely basis may cause the Company to postpone development plans, forfeit rights in its properties or joint operations or reduce or terminate its operations.

### (c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risks are comprised of four types: foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, commodity price risk and equity price risk. As at September 30, 2014, the Company does not have significant exposure to any of these market risks.

# SHORE GOLD INC. CORPORATE INFORMATION

### **Head Office**

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### Directors

Harvey J. Bay Arnie E. Hillier Kenneth E. MacNeill A. Neil McMillan Brian M. Menell

#### Officers

Kenneth E. MacNeill – President, C.E.O.
Greg P. Shyluk – C.F.O.
George H. Read – Senior Vice President Exploration and Development

### **Solicitors**

Bennett Jones LLP Calgary, Alberta

### **Auditors**

KPMG LLP

Saskatoon, Saskatchewan

### Bank

Canadian Western Bank Saskatoon, Saskatchewan

### **Exchange Listing**

TSX

224,759,242 common shares issued and outstanding as at November 12, 2014

### **Trading Symbol:**

SGF

### Website

www.shoregold.com

### **Email**

shoregold@shoregold.com